2023^{RD} ASSEMBLY 1^{ST} SESSION

HR 10

IN THE

House of Commons

JUNE 22ND THE GENTLEMEN, LEO CAVINDER, SUBMITS THE FOLLOWING BILL FOR CONSIDERATION; WHICH WAS REFERED TO THE COMMITTEE ON RULES & REFORM, COMMITTEE ON NATURAL RESOURCES.

 $J_{\rm UNE~28^{TH}}$ - Reported favorably by the committee on natural resources.

A BILL TO

Address the use of cameras, reasons for entry into a Member's room, search and seizure rights and appeal, restroom privacy, internet privacy, taxation clarification amendments, access to revenue records, provides rights for animals and exemptions, require seatbelt use, firearm restrictions, and establishment of torts.

TABLE OF PROVISIONS.

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SECTION 6. RESTROOM DOORS. SECTION 7. INTERNET PRIVACY.

PART B - TAXATION MEASURES.

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PART E - FIREARMS MEASURES.

SECTION 12. FIREARMS.

PART F - CIVIL CRIMES MEASURE.

SECTION 13. TORTS.

E IT ENACTED by this House of Commons with the advice and consent of the same, as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Title.

2 This Act may be cited as "The Privacy Act of 2023."

3 PART A - Privacy Matters.

- 4 SECTION 2. Finding of the Assembly.
- 5 The House finds that Members have a privileged
- 6 reasonable sense of privacy when it is deemed necessary.
- 7 Members right to privacy may be revoked when deem in
- 8 the House's interest to ensure the general welfare of the
- 9 House.
- 10 SECTION 3. Camera monitoring.
- 11 (a) ILLEGAL USE.—It shall be unlawful for any persons
- to install a camera for the purposes of spying on an
- individual's activity.

14	(b) LAWFUL USES.—The Highway Management Agency
15	shall install cameras to:
16	(1) monitor the roads of the House; and to
17	(2) monitor outside activity that remains on the
18	property of the House.
19	(c) GOOD CAUSE EXEMPTIONS.—A Member may
20	introduce a Resolution to permit camera usage outside of
21	the scope described in this Act if it is in the best interest
22	of the House.
23	(1) APPROVAL.—The Resolution shall require
24	approval of three-fourths of the House.
25	(2) DESCRIPTIVE.—The Resolution shall be exact
26	in:
27	(A) how long the exemption will last;
28	(B) how many camera(s) will be installed;
29	(C) where the camera(s) will be installed;
30	and
31	(D) the intention and purpose for installing
32	the cameras.
33	SECTION 4. Requested entry into room.
34	An official of the House shall be permitted to enter a room
35	without delay if:
36	(1) it is necessary to enforce House Code pursuant
37	to HCC § 1-1-9;
38	(2) they are collecting business funds for unpaid
39	tickets pursuant to HCC § 2-1-6(d);
40	(3) they are collecting assets or wages for unpaid
41	tickets pursuant to HCC § 2-1-6(g);
42	(4) it is necessary to enforce a State of Emergency
43	pursuant to HCC § 2-5-6(e)(3);

44	(5) it is necessary to assist with an investigation
45	pursuant to HCC § 2-10-3(b);
46	(6) it is necessary to verify a tax exemption
47	pursuant to HCC § 2-11-7(b);
48	(7) it is necessary to verify a tax deduction
49	pursuant to HCC § 2-11-17(f);
50	(8) it is necessary to verify reporting of certain
51	transactions pursuant to HCC § 2-13-1;
52	(9) it is necessary to test a fire alarm and/or a fire
53	extinguisher pursuant to HCC §§ 6-2-2(a), 6-2-6(a)
54	(10) it is necessary to ensure that the room is
55	reasonably clear pursuant to HCC § 6-2-4(a);
56	(11) it is necessary to either verify or enforce a
57	directive issued by the Health Advisor pursuant to
58	HCC §§ 11-1-2(c), 11-3-1(c);
59	(12) it is necessary to seize a product that is
60	prohibited under statue pursuant to HCC §§ 11-6-2,
61	11-2-1; or
62	(13) it is necessary to issue a subpoena pursuant to
63	HCC §§ 12-2-3(b), 12-1-3(e).
64	SECTION 5. Search and seizure rights.
65	(a) SEIZED ENTRY.—When there is a reasonable belief
66	that a Member is committing an illegal act, or that an
67	illegal product is in a room, the Sergeant-at-Arms or the
68	Speaker is permitted to enter any Member's room under
69	§§ $4(a)(12)$, $4(a)(1)$ of this Act for the sole purpose to
70	conduct a search solely based on the grounds of either the
71	suspicion of illegal activity or an illegal substance.
72	(1) PRIOR TO SEARCH.—Before a search is
73	conducted the person conducting the search shall:

74	(A) knock on the door;
75	(B) present a warrant, which shall be issued
76	by the Sergeant-at-Arms, to the Member and
77	inform them that they will be conducting a
78	search in accordance with House Code and
79	the Constitution of the House; and
80	(C) inform the Member there is a reasonable
81	suspicion of illegal activity or an illegal
82	substance in their possession.
83	(b) MONENTARY FORCED COLLECTION.—Should a
84	Member be under forced collection pursuant to HCC § 2-1-
85	6(f) and the Department of Revenue determines that it is
86	necessary to invoke its power under HCC § 2-1-6(g)(2), the
87	Department of Revenue shall be permitted entry in order
88	to collect assets when there is a failure to pay in
89	accordance with § 4(a)(3) of this Act.
90	(c) CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS.—Nothing in this
91	section shall supersede any provision in the Constitution
92	of the House, specifically Art. I § 7, nor the Constitution of
93	the United States or State of Indiana.
94	(d) REMOVAL OF ITEMS IN QUESTION.—Should a
95	search be conducted under subsection (a) and an item that
96	is believed to be illegal is found, the Sergeant-at-Arms or
97	the Speaker shall have the right to seize the item in
98	question for further investigation.
99	(e) BELIEF OF UNRESONABLE SEARCH AND
100	SEIZURE.—If a Member believes that an unreasonable
101	search and possible seizure was conducted and that their
102	constitutional rights were violated, they may file a
103	complaint with The Office of the Inspector General for an

104	investigation within five (5) days of the date the search
105	was conducted.
106	(1) INVESTIGATION.—The Office of the Inspector
107	General shall determine if a violation of the
108	Member's constitutional rights occurred. Should a
109	violation have occurred, the Inspector General shall
110	inform the Clerk of the House and the Department
111	of Revenue, who shall issue monetary relief to the
112	Member in an amount that shall be just and fair.
113	(A) ACCUSED RIGHTS.—Upon a Member
114	filing that their constitutional rights were
115	violated, the Member shall have the right to,
116	in addition to their Constitutional rights:
117	(i) submit evidence to support their
118	case within thirty (30) days;
119	(ii) have due process of law;
120	(iii) have fair and just treatment in all
121	hearing or investigations; and
122	(iv) compel witnesses to testify on
123	their behalf.
124	(B) DECISION TIMEFRAME.—Prior to
125	making a decision, at least one (1) hearing
126	shall be conducted into the alleged violation.
127	The Member and all the witnesses shall
128	state their case for why they feel that the
129	Member's rights were violated. The person
130	who conducted the search, if different from
131	The Inspector General, shall also testify on
132	why they believe they conducted a legal
133	search and/or seizure. The Inspector General

134	shall preside over the hearing and may ask	
135	any question in regard to the matter before	
136	them.	
137	(i) A decision shall be issued within	
138	forty-five (45) days after the hearing.	
139	SECTION 6. Restroom doors.	
140	Any Member who is occupied in a restroom shall close the	
141	respective door(s) to ensure that another person does not	
142	walk in.	
143	SECTION 7. Internet privacy.	
144	(a) Any Member who has an electronic device that:	
145	(1) is connected to the Network of the House; or	
146	(2) is purchased under funds by the House;	
147	shall be subject to monitoring for the purposes of ensuring	
148	compliance with HCC § 6-1-3(d).	
149	(b) GUEST NETWORK.—Any persons connected to the	
150	Guest Network of the House shall have the understanding	
151	that:	
152	(1) any activity conducted under the Network is	
153	subject to monitoring;	
154	(2) attempting to circumvent any blocked website	
155	under HCC § 6-1-2(a) is unlawful pursuant to HCC	
156	§ 6-1-3(d); and	
157	(3) conducting any illegal activities under the	
158	Network is unlawful pursuant to § 7(c) of this Act.	
159	(c) ILLEGAL ACTIVITIES OVER NETWORK.—Any	
160	persons who attempts or successfully in conducting an	
161	illegal activity over the Network of the House shall have	
162	committed a Class B Felony.	
163	(1) Subsection (c) shall not apply to HCC § 6-1-3(d).	

164	(d) DEFINITIONS.—
165	(1) "Illegal activity." any attempt or action done
166	that is in violation of a Federal, State, Local, or
167	House statue.
168	(2) "Network." internet connection provided by the
169	House.
170	PART B – Taxation Measures.
171	SECTION 8. Tax amendment.
172	(a) REMOVE ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS PROFIT
173	REQUIREMENT.—HCC § 2-11-8(a)(2) is amended by
174	striking all and inserting:
175	"(2) Working for themselves in a business filed
176	under HCC \S 2-8-4 and the business falls under the
177	jurisdiction of the Secretary of Commerce under
178	HCC § 2-8-3(a)."
179	(b) REMOVAL OF NON-EMPLOYMENT STATUE.—
180	Repeal HCC § 2-11-6(a)(2).
181	(c) REMOVAL OF AGE TAXATION.—Repeal HCC $\S~2$
182	11-10(b).
183	(d) CLARIFIED UNEMPLOYMENT AMOUNT.—HCC §
184	2-11-5(b) is amended by inserting "employment tax"
185	between "any" and "amount."
186	(e) This section shall take effect immediately.
187	SECTION 9. Access to revenue records.
188	(a) GENERAL RIGHT.—Members shall have the right to
189	access records relating to the respective:
190	(1) amount of money they owe;
191	(2) amount of money that has been paid; and
192	(3) their tax documentation.

193	(b) UNLAWFUL ACCESS.—It shall be unlawful for
194	anyone to access another Member's records and shall be a
195	Class A Misdemeanor.
196	(c) MANAGEMENT.—The Department of Revenue shall
197	manage all record access with House agencies reporting
198	all monetary transactions to the Department of Revenue.
199	PART C – Wildlife Affairs.
200	SECTION 10. Animal redress.
201	(a) GENERAL UNLAWFUL.—It shall be unlawful for any
202	person to torture in an inhumane way a wild or
203	domesticated animal.
204	(b) WILD ANIMALS THAT POSE A THREAT TO THE
205	HOUSE.—Animals that pose an ability to harm
206	domesticated animals of the House may be:
207	(1) captured; and
208	(2) relocated.
209	(c) STANDARDS DURING CAPTURE.—Animals that
210	have been captured shall be given reasonable standards
211	pending relocation.
212	(d) CAPTURE UNLAWFUL.—It shall be unlawful to
213	upon capturing an animal that poses a threat to:
214	(1) not feed nor provide water to it;
215	(2) shoot it, leading to death; or
216	(3) drown it, leading to death.
217	(e) IMMENIATE THREAT.—Notwithstanding subsection
218	(d), should an wild animal posses an immediate threat to
219	the House whereas the animal is likely to kill or injury
220	domesticated animals, action may be taken, only if
221	warranted, to kill the animal that poses said threat.

222	(1) The exemption shall not apply to hawks.
223	PART D – Motor Vehicle Measure
224	SECTION 11. Seatbelt use in motor vehicles.
225	(a) REQUIREMENT.—Every person in a motor vehicle
226	that is operating shall have a seatbelt properly on at all
227	times the motor vehicle:
228	(1) has its engine on; and
229	(2) it is in the drive (D) mode.
230	(b) EXEMPTION.—If a person has an exemption on their
231	Drivers License issued by the State of Indiana, they shall
232	be exempt from subsection (a).
233	PART E – Firearms Measures.
234	SECTION 12. Firearms.
235	(a) FIREARM FREE ZONES.—It shall be unlawful for
236	any person to possess a firearm within the House of
237	Commons buildings, excluding:
238	(1) locked compartments in the garage; or
239	(2) locked motor vehicles.
240	(b) PERSONS PROHIBITED.—Any person who:
241	(1) is under the age of twenty-one (21);
242	(2) has a mental disability or diagnosis; or
243	(3) is not a Member of the House;
244	shall be prohibited from owning and/or possessing a
245	firearm on House property.
246	(c) CONCELAED CARRY.—It shall be prohibited to
247	conceal a firearm on House property.
248	(d) SIGNAGE.—The Highway Management Agency shall
249	display signs reflecting the policies of this Section.

250	(e) ASSULT RIFLES.—It shall be prohibited for any
251	person to own a assault rifle on House property.
252	(f) HOUSE FIREARM LICENSE SYSTEM.—Any person
253	who lawfully possesses a firearm must file within thirty
254	(30) days from the date of purchase, or within thirty (30)
255	days from the date of enactment:
256	(1) the purchase of a firearm;
257	(2) the type of firearm; and
258	(3) purpose of the firearm.
259	(g) MANAGEMENT.—The Office of Inspector General
260	shall manage this Section of the Act and shall issue a
261	firearm license to all persons who lawfully possess a
262	firearm if they meet all requirements as described in this
263	Act.
264	(h) DISPLAY OF LICENSE.—Any House person must
265	carry their firearm license on them at all times and
266	present their firearm license by demand of a House
267	official.
268	(i) WAITING PERIOD.—Any person wanting to own a
269	firearm must:
270	(1) apply with the Inspector General informing
271	them that they qualify to own a firearm and wish to
272	lawfully possess one;
273	(2) conduct a background check by the House;
274	(3) complete any necessary forms with the State
275	and the Alcohol, Tobacco, and Firearm Commission
276	(ATF); and
277	(4) wait twenty-one (21) days after informing the
278	Inspector General of the Member's intention;
279	before they can lawfully possess a firearm.

280	(j) BACKGROUND CHECK COSTS.—Any costs
281	associated with a House conducted background check are
282	the responsibility of the Member wishing to be licensed.
283	(k) PROHIBITED LICENSURE.—Any person who does
284	not possess a license from the House to own a firearm
285	shall be prohibited from possessing a firearm until they
286	receive a license from the House.
287	(l) WITHDRAW OF LICENSURE.—The Speaker or the
288	Inspector General may, if warranted, withdraw a license
289	if there are sufficient grounds that they may harm
290	themselves or others.
291	(m) DEFINITIONS.—
292	(1) "Firearm."—
293	(A) any weapon (including a starter gun)
294	which will or is designed to or may readily be
295	converted to expel a projectile by the action
296	of an explosive;
297	(B) the frame or received of any such
298	weapon;
299	(C) any firearm muffler or firearm silencer;
300	or
301	(D) any destructive device, excluding antique
302	firearms.
303	(2) "Destructive device."—
304	(A) any explosive, incendiary, or poison gas;
305	or
306	(B) any type of weapon by whatever name
307	knows which will, or which may be readily
308	converted to, expel a projectile by the action
309	of an explosive or other propellant, and

310	which has any barrel with a bore of more
311	than one-half inch in diameter.
312	(3) "Shotgun."—any weapon designed or
313	redesigned, made or remand, and intended to be
314	fire from the shoulder and designed or redesigned
315	and made or remand to use the energy of the
316	explosive in a fixed shotgun shell to fire through a
317	smooth bore either a number of ball shot or a single
318	projectile for each single full of the trigger.
319	(4) "Rifle."—a weapon designed or redesigned,
320	made or remade, and intended to be fired from the
321	shoulder and designed or redesigned and made or
322	remade to use the energy of the explosive in a fixed
323	metallic cartridge to fire only a single projectile
324	through a rifled bore for each single pull of the
325	trigger.
326	PART F – Civil Crimes Measure.
327	SECTION 13. Torts.
328	It shall be unlawful to:
329	(1) ASSAULT.—Act intentionally causing the
330	reasonable apprehension of an immediate harmful
331	or offensive contact;
332	(2) BATTERY.—Application of force directly or
333	indirectly upon another person or their personal
334	belongings, causing bodily injury or offensive
335	contact;
336	(3) FALSE IMPRISONMENT.—Intentionally
337	restrict another person's movement within any

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338	area without legal authority, justification, or the
339	restrained person's permission;
340	(4) INTENTIONAL INFLICTION OF
341	EMOTIONAL DISTRESS.—Intentionally or
342	recklessly inflict emotional distress by behaving in
343	an extreme and outrageous way; and
344	(5) DEFAMATION.—Communicate to a third party
345	a false statement about a person, place, or thing
346	that results in damage to their reputation.

Speaker of the House Assent